

Defining a set of genes responding to disrupted iron homeostasis

Extract 3' and 5' UTRs from zebrafish reference genome assembly (GRCz11)

We defined and characterised a set of genes responding to disrupted iron homeostasis.

These gene sets were enriched in two RNA-seq datasets: a zebrafish model of familial Alzheimer's disease, and human patients with sporadic Alzheimer's disease.



Gene set testing in RNA-seq datasets

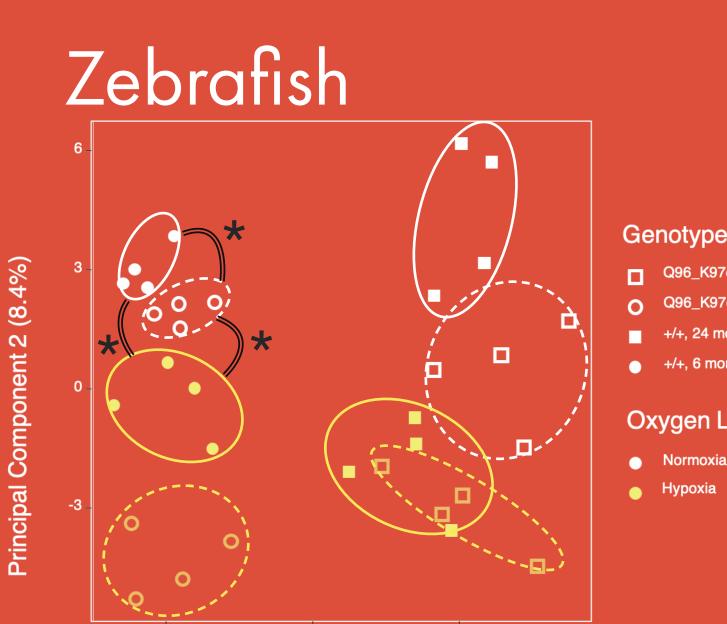
We performed gene set tests using the IRE genes for different comparisons representing Alzheimer's disease vs. control in zebrafish and human datasets. The 3' IRE gene set was consistently significantly enriched in all AD conditions.



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Use SIREs to search for genes with Iron Responsive Elements

Hallmark Heme

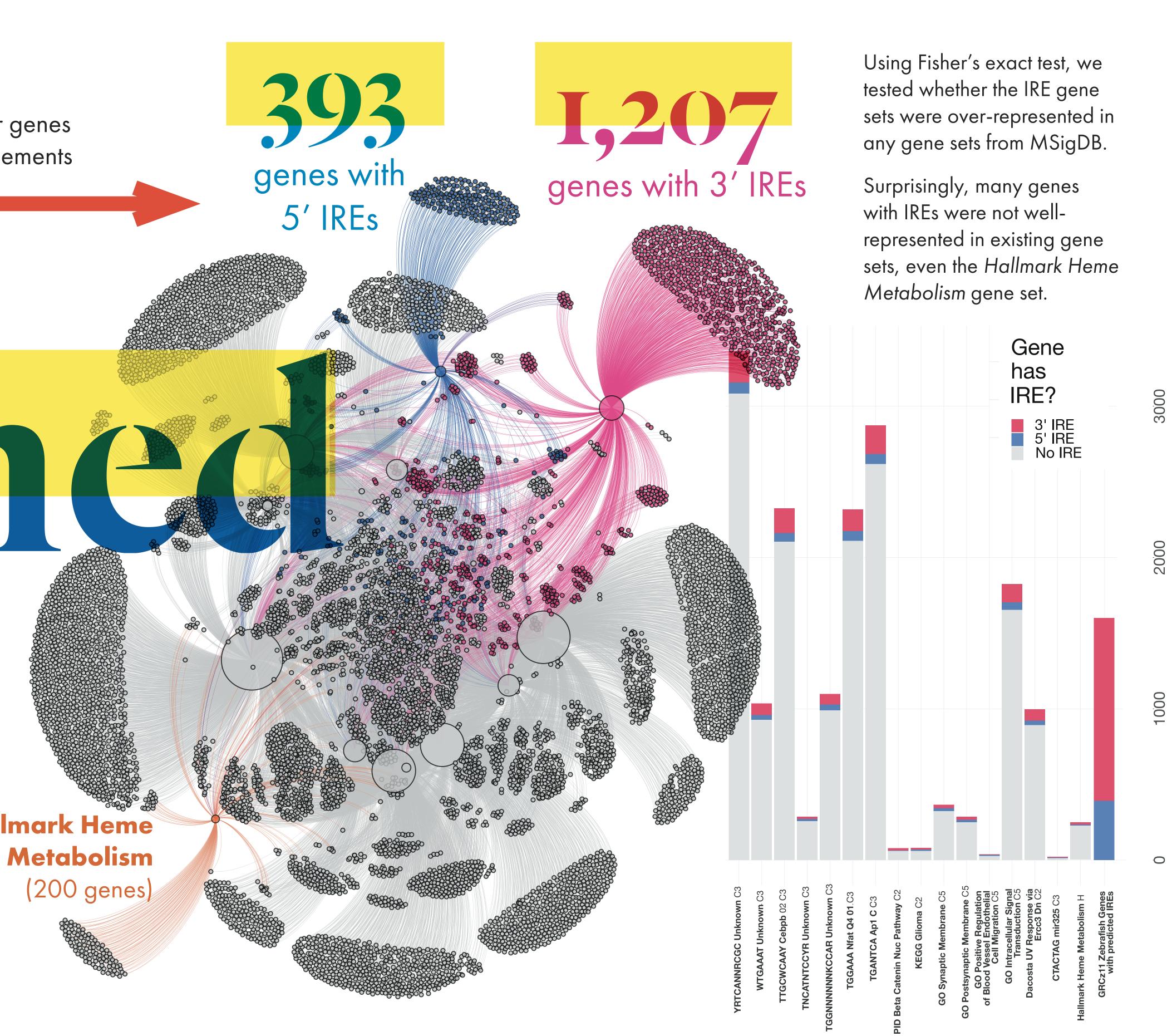


Genotype and Age Q96_K97del/+, 24 months Q96_K97del/+, 6 months +/+, 24 months +/+, 6 months Oxygen Level Normoxia

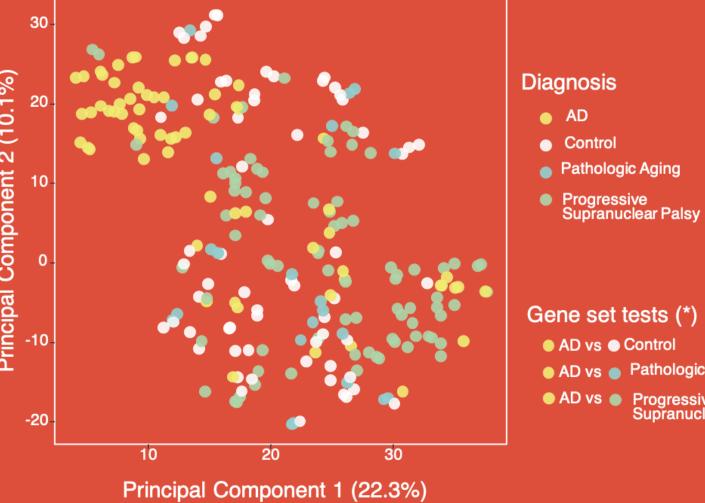
In the zebrafish dataset, this PCA of 3' IRE genes indicates each condition (age, hypoxia, Q96K97 familial AD mutation) seems to have its own distinct expression pattern of 3' IRE genes. Potentially, expression changes in the familial AD mutation may be mimicking some of the changes happening during hypoxia. Importantly, a PCA showing all genes is not sensitive enough to distinguish between hypoxia and the familial AD mutants.

Principal Component 1 (26.1%)

QR code goes to lab page: facebook.com/forgetfulfish | We are also on Twitter: @UofABioinfoHub and @nhihin



Human



References

- Campillos M et al. SIREs: searching for iron-responsive elements. Nucleic Acids Research. 2010. vol. 38. pp. 360-7.
- Liberzon A et al. Molecular Signatures Database. Bioinformatics. 2011. vol. 27. no. 12. pp. 1739-40. • Newman M et al. Brain transcriptome analysis of a familial Alzheimer's disease-like mutation in the zebrafish presenilin 1 gene implies effects on energy production. Molecular Brain. 2019. vol. 12. no. 43.
- Allen M et al. Human whole genome genotype and transcriptome data for Alzheimer's and other neurodegenerative diseases. Scientific Data. 2016. vol. 3.

AD vs Pathologic Aging AD vs Progressive Supranuclear Palsy

The human dataset shows more variation between samples on the 3' IRE PCA, but the 3' IRE gene sets are still significantly enriched in AD compared to healthy controls.

* Indicates that combined gene set testing using fgsea, fry, and camera gave FDR-adj. p < 0.05.